

IN CLASS QUIZ 3

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Compute  $\int x^2 \sin(x) dx$

$$u = x^2, v' = \sin(x)$$

$$u' = 2x, v = -\cos(x)$$

$$\int x^2 \sin(x) dx = -x^2 \cos(x) + 2 \int x \cos(x) dx$$

(1)

Also for  $\int x \cos(x) dx$

$$u = x, v' = \cos(x)$$

$$u' = 1, v = \sin(x)$$

$$\int x \cos(x) dx = x \sin(x) - \int \sin(x) dx = x \sin(x) + \cos(x) + C$$

(2)

So

$$\int x^2 \sin(x) dx = -x^2 \cos(x) + 2x \sin(x) + 2 \cos(x) + C$$

(3)

2. Use the reduction formula  $\int \sin^n(x) = \frac{-1}{n} \sin^{n-1}(x) \cos(x) + \frac{n-1}{n} \int \sin^{n-2}(x) dx$  to calculate  $\int \sin^3(x) dx$ .

$$\int \sin^3(x) dx = -\frac{1}{3} \sin^2(x) \cos(x) + \frac{2}{3} \int \sin(x) dx$$

(2)

$$= -\frac{1}{3} \sin^2(x) \cos(x) - \frac{2}{3} \cos(x) + C$$

(1)